

#### Glass/PTFE, best High Arc Ignition performance

Best High Current Arc Ignition (HAI) performance. Glass/PTFE filled.

Chemical abbreviation according to ISO 1043-1 : LCP Inherently flame retardant FDA compliant version available. UL-Listing V-0 in natural at 044mm thickness per UL 94 flame testing. Relative-Temperature-Index (RTI) according to UL 746B: electrical 130°C, mechanical 130°C. UL = Underwriters Laboratories (USA)

#### **Rheological properties**

Moulding shrinkage range, parallel	0.1 %	ISO 294-4, 2577
Moulding shrinkage range, normal	0.4 %	ISO 294-4, 2577

### Typical mechanical properties

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Tensile Modulus	11000	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at break, 5mm/min	170	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Strain at break, 5mm/min	3	%	ISO 527-1/-2
Flexural Modulus	10800	MPa	ISO 178
Flexural Strength	200	MPa	ISO 178
Compressive modulus	10500		ISO 604
Compressive stress at 1% strain		MPa	ISO 604
Charpy impact strength, 23°C		kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C		kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA
Izod notched impact strength, 23°C		kJ/m²	ISO 180/1A
Izod impact strength, 23°C		kJ/m²	ISO 180/1U
Hardness, Rockwell, M-scale	55		ISO 2039-2
Thermal properties			
Melting temperature, 10°C/min	280	°C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Temp. of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa	230		ISO 75-1/-2
Temp. of deflection under load, 0.45 MPa	250		ISO 75-1/-2
Temp. of deflection under load, 8 MPa	162		ISO 75-1/-2
Coeff. of linear therm. expansion, parallel		E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2
Coeff. of linear therm. expansion, normal	19	E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2
Flammability			
Burning Behav. at thickness h	V-0	class	UL 94
			0201
Electrical properties			
Relative permittivity, 100Hz	3.5		IEC 62631-2-1
Relative permittivity, 1MHz	3.1		IEC 62631-2-1
Dissipation factor, 100Hz	200	E-4	IEC 62631-2-1
Dissipation factor, 1MHz	160	E-4	IEC 62631-2-1
Volume resistivity	1E13	Ohm.m	IEC 62631-3-1
Surface resistivity	>1E15	Ohm	IEC 62631-3-2
Electric strength	32	kV/mm	IEC 60243-1
Printed: 2023-09-22			Page: 1 of 5







Comparative tracking index Arc Resistance	PLC 3 130		UL 746A Internal
Other properties			
Humidity absorption, 2mm	0.002	%	Sim. to ISO 62
Density	1620	kg/m³	ISO 1183
Injection			
Drying Temperature	150	°C	
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	4 - 6	h	
Processing Moisture Content	0.01	%	
Melt Temperature Optimum	290	°C	Internal
Screw tangential speed	0.17 - 0.18	m/s	
Max. mould temperature	80 - 120	°C	
Back pressure	3	MPa	
Injection speed	very fast		

#### Additional information

Injection molding

A three-zone screw evenly divided into feed, compression, and metering zones is preferred. A higher percentage of feed flights may be needed for smaller machines: 1/2 feed, 1/4 compression, 1/4 metering.

Vectra LCPs are shear thinning, their melt viscosity decreases quickly as shear rate increases. For parts that are difficult to fill, the molder can increase the injection velocity to improve melt flow.

Printed: 2023-09-22

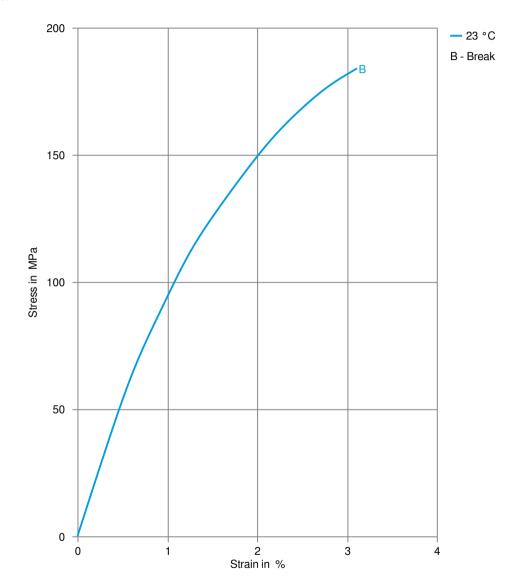


Page: 2 of 5





#### Stress-strain



Printed: 2023-09-22

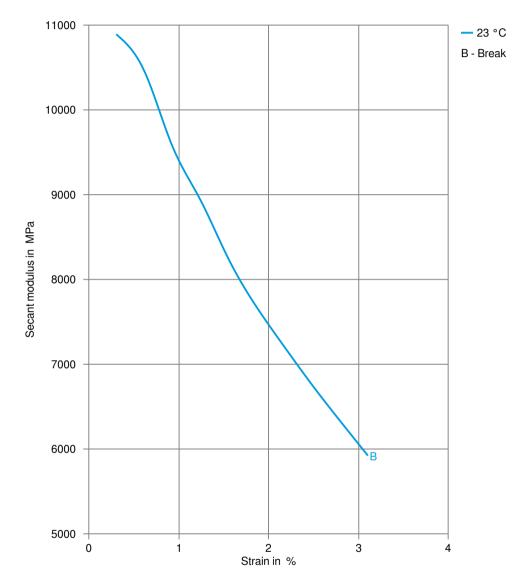








### Secant modulus-strain



Printed: 2023-09-22

Page: 4 of 5







Processing Texts	
Pre-drying	VECTRA should in principle be predried. Because of the necessary low maximum residual moisture content the use of dry air dryers is recommended. The dew point should be =< - $40^{\circ}$ C. The time between drying and processing should be as short as possible.
Longer pre-drying times/storage	For subsequent storage of the material in the dryer until processed the temperature does not need to be lowered for grades A, B, C, D and V ( $\leq 24$ h).
Injection molding	A three-zone screw evenly divided into feed, compression, and metering zones is preferred. A higher percentage of feed flights may be needed for smaller machines: 1/2 feed, 1/4 compression, 1/4 metering.
	Vectra LCPs are shear thinning, their melt viscosity decreases quickly as shear rate increases. For parts that are difficult to fill, the molder can increase the injection velocity to improve melt flow.
Injection molding Preprocessing	Vectra resins are well known for their excellent thermal and hydrolytic stability. In order to ensure these properties are optimum, the resin should be dried correctly prior to processing. Vectra A-grades should be dried at 150 C for a minimum of 4 hours in a desiccant dryer.



