

suitable for extrusion

Unreinforced Vectra grade suitable for extrusion.

Chemical abbreviation according to ISO 1043-1 : LCP Inherently flame retardant FDA compliant. UL-Listing V-0 in natural and black at 0.42mm thickness per UL 94 flame testing. Relative-Temperature-Index (RTI) according to UL 746B: electrical 240 °C, mechanical 220 °C. UL = Underwriters Laboratories (USA)

#### **Rheological properties**

| Moulding shrinkage range, parallel<br>Moulding shrinkage range, normal | 0.7   | %     | ISO 294-4, 2577<br>ISO 294-4, 2577 |
|--|-------|-------|------------------------------------|
| Moulding shimkage lange, normai  | 0.7   | /0    | 130 294-4, 2377                    |
| Typical mechanical properties  |       |       |                                    |
| Tensile Modulus  | 7800  | MPa   | ISO 527-1/-2                       |
| Stress at break, 5mm/min   | 148   | MPa   | ISO 527-1/-2                       |
| Strain at break, 5mm/min   | 5.7   | %     | ISO 527-1/-2                       |
| Flexural Modulus   | 9100  | MPa   | ISO 178                            |
| Flexural Strength  | 158   | MPa   | ISO 178                            |
| Tensile creep modulus, 1h  | 9000  | MPa   | ISO 899-1                          |
| Tensile creep modulus, 1000h   |       | MPa   | ISO 899-1                          |
| Charpy impact strength, 23°C   |       | kJ/m² | ISO 179/1eU                        |
| Charpy impact strength, -30 °C   |       | kJ/m² | ISO 179/1eU                        |
| Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C                                   |       | kJ/m² | ISO 179/1eA                        |
| Izod notched impact strength, 23°C                                     |       | kJ/m² | ISO 180/1A                         |
| Izod impact strength, 23°C   | 252   | kJ/m² | ISO 180/1U                         |
| Poisson's ratio  | 0.488 |       |                                    |
| Thermal properties   |       |       |                                    |
| Melting temperature, 10°C/min  | 280   | °C    | ISO 11357-1/-3                     |
| Temp. of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa                                | 193   | °C    | ISO 75-1/-2                        |
| Temp. of deflection under load, 8 MPa                                  | 94    | °C    | ISO 75-1/-2                        |
| Coeff. of linear therm. expansion, parallel                            | -2    | E-6/K | ISO 11359-1/-2                     |
| Coeff. of linear therm. expansion, normal                              | 81    | E-6/K | ISO 11359-1/-2                     |
| Flammability   |       |       |                                    |
| Burning Behav. at thickness h  | V-0   | class | UL 94                              |
| Electrical properties  |       |       |                                    |
| Relative permittivity, 100Hz   | 3.2   |       | IEC 62631-2-1                      |
| Relative permittivity, 1MHz  | 3     |       | IEC 62631-2-1                      |
| Dissipation factor, 100Hz  | 159   | E-4   | IEC 62631-2-1                      |
| Dissipation factor, 1MHz   |       | E-4   | IEC 62631-2-1                      |
| Volume resistivity   |       | Ohm.m | IEC 62631-3-1                      |
| Surface resistivity  |       | Ohm   | IEC 62631-3-2                      |
| Electric strength  |       | kV/mm | IEC 60243-1                        |
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| Comparative tracking index<br>Comparative tracking index M<br>[1]: 100 drops | PLC 4<br>Group IIIb <sup>[1]</sup> | -     | UL 746A<br>IEC 60112 |
|--|------------------------------------|-------|----------------------|
| Other properties   |                                    |       |                      |
| Humidity absorption, 2mm   | 0.03                               | %     | Sim. to ISO 62       |
| Water absorption, 2mm  | 0.06                               | %     | Sim. to ISO 62       |
| Density  | 1400                               | kg/m³ | ISO 1183             |
| Injection  |                                    |       |                      |
| Drying Temperature   | 150                                | °C    |                      |
| Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer  | 4 - 6                              | h     |                      |
| Processing Moisture Content  | 0.01                               | %     |                      |
| Melt Temperature Optimum   | 290                                | °C    | Internal             |
| Screw tangential speed   | 0.17 - 0.18                        | m/s   |                      |
| Max. mould temperature   | 80 - 120                           | °C    |                      |
| Back pressure  | 3                                  | MPa   |                      |
| Injection speed  | very fast                          |       |                      |

### Additional information

Injection molding

A three-zone screw evenly divided into feed, compression, and metering zones is preferred. A higher percentage of feed flights may be needed for smaller machines: 1/2 feed, 1/4 compression, 1/4 metering.

Vectra LCPs are shear thinning, their melt viscosity decreases quickly as shear rate increases. For parts that are difficult to fill, the molder can increase the injection velocity to improve melt flow.

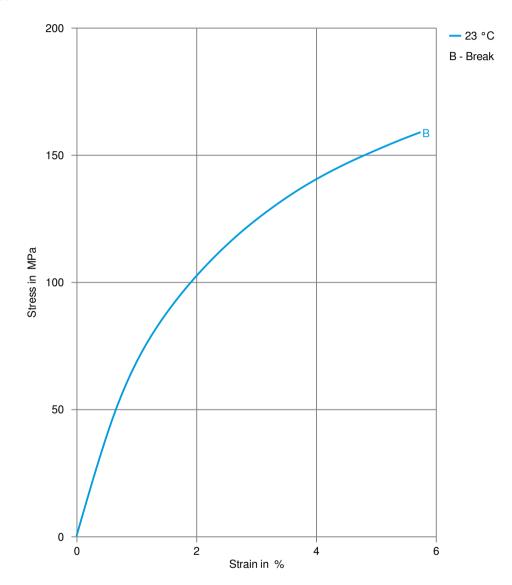
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### Stress-strain



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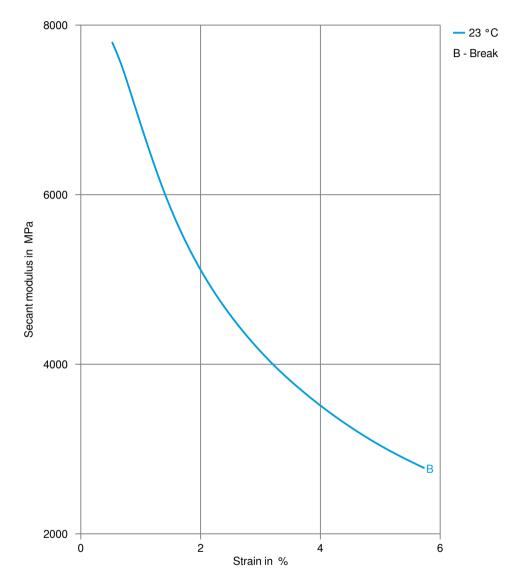








### Secant modulus-strain



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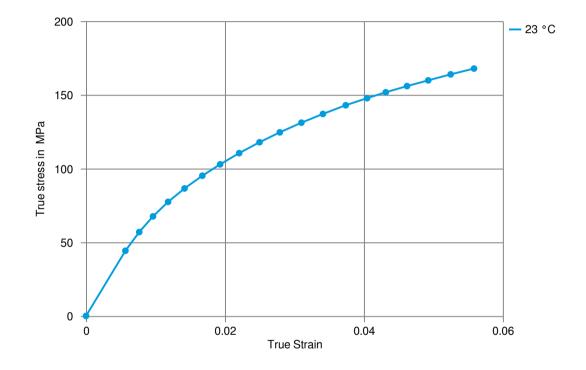








### True stress-strain



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| Processing Texts                |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Pre-drying                      | VECTRA should in principle be predried. Because of the necessary low maximum residual moisture content the use of dry air dryers is recommended. The dew point should be =< - $40^{\circ}$ C. The time between drying and processing should be as short as possible.                 |
| Longer pre-drying times/storage | For subsequent storage of the material in the dryer until processed the temperature does not need to be lowered for grades A, B, C, D and V ( $\leq 24$ h).  |
| Injection molding               | A three-zone screw evenly divided into feed, compression, and metering zones is preferred. A higher percentage of feed flights may be needed for smaller machines: 1/2 feed, 1/4 compression, 1/4 metering.  |
|                                 | Vectra LCPs are shear thinning, their melt viscosity decreases quickly as shear rate increases. For parts that are difficult to fill, the molder can increase the injection velocity to improve melt flow.   |
| Injection molding Preprocessing | Vectra resins are well known for their excellent thermal and hydrolytic stability. In order to ensure these properties are optimum, the resin should be dried correctly prior to processing. Vectra A-grades should be dried at 150 C for a minimum of 4 hours in a desiccant dryer. |



