

CELANYL® XS3 GF50 BK 9005/V - PA*

Description

(NILAMID XS3 GF50 BK 9005/V)

Semi-aromatic polyamide blend, 50% glass fibre

Compound designed for parts with high mechanical requirements, typically used to replace metal due to the high stiffness and strength, stable after conditioning. It shows better creep behavior and dimensional stability vs. an equivalent PA66 grade, with lower warpage and excellent surface finish.

| Physical properties | Value | Unit | Test Standard |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Density | 98.6 | lb/ft ³ | ISO 1183 |
| Molding shrinkage, parallel (flow) | 0.1 - 0.4 | % | ISO 294-4, 2577 |
| Molding shrinkage, transverse normal | 0.4 | % | ISO 294-4, 2577 |
| Water absorption, 23°C-sat | 3.5 | % | Sim. to ISO 62 |
| Humidity absorption, 23°C/50%RH | 1 | % | ISO 62 |

| Mechanical properties | Value | Unit | Test Standard |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Tensile modulus | 2.54E6/2.39E6 | psi | ISO 527-1, -2 |
| Tensile stress at break, 5mm/min | 34800/30500 | psi | ISO 527-1, -2 |
| Tensile strain at break, 5mm/min | 2.8/3 | % | ISO 527-1, -2 |
| Flexural modulus, 23°C | 2.32E6/2.03E6 | psi | ISO 178 |
| Charpy impact strength, 23°C | 47.6/45.2 | ft-lb/in ² | ISO 179/1eU |
| Charpy impact strength, -30°C | 45.2/- | ft-lb/in ² | ISO 179/1eU |
| Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C | 6.18/6.66 | ft-lb/in ² | ISO 179/1eA |
| Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C | 5.23/- | ft-lb/in ² | ISO 179/1eA |
| Izod impact notched, 23°C | 6.18/7.14 | ft-lb/in ² | ISO 180/1A |

| Thermal properties | Value | Unit | Test Standard |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Melting temperature, 20°C/min | 500 | °F | ISO 11357-1/-3 |
| DTUL at 1.8 MPa | 455 | °F | ISO 75-1, -2 |
| Flammability @3.2mm nom. thickn. | HB | class | UL 94 |
| Flammability @1.6mm nom. thickn. | HB | class | UL 94 |
| Flammability @0.8mm nom. thickn. | HB | class | UL 94 |
| Flammability @0.4mm nom. thickn. | HB | class | UL 94 |
| UL recognition (0.4) | UL | - | UL 94 |

| Electrical properties | Value | Unit | Test Standard |
|------------------------------|--------|-------|---------------|
| Volume resistivity, 23°C | 1E12/- | Ohm*m | IEC 62631-3-1 |
| Surface resistivity, 23°C | 1E13/- | Ohm | IEC 62631-3-2 |
| Electric strength, 23°C (AC) | 813/- | kV/in | IEC 60243-1 |
| CTI 50 drops | 600 | V | IEC 60112 |

Other text information

Injection Molding Preprocessing

XS compounds, stored in a moisture-proof packaging, can be processed without drying; however, it is always recommended drying the product that comes from a large package (e.g. Octabin). The suggested moisture content for the process of injection molding is less than 0.15% for grades with low percentage of reinforcement; for grades with high percentage of fiber and to achieve the best surface quality, the moisture content should be lower than 0.10%. Flame retardant grades must be processed with a maximum moisture content of 0.10%. The drying time depends on the initial moisture content and the drying conditions. Typically 4-8 hours at 80-90C using dehumidified air (dew point of -20C) are suitable conditions for a starting moisture content of 0.20%-0.40%.

Injection molding

The following conditions apply to a standard injection moulding process of XS compounds. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290C, nozzle and hot runners up to 300C (up to 290C products with flame retardants). Mould temperatures: 80-100C, (80-120C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300C and long residence time could lead to degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the moulded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection moulding' or contact our technical



support team.

Injection Molding Postprocessing

Part moulded with XS compounds reach their final performance with a water content of about 1,0% by weight, depending on the grade. This percentage corresponds to the point of equilibrium between the rates of absorption and desorption of moisture. After moulding, in favourable environmental conditions, a part can quickly absorb moisture up to 0,3-0,5%, while the equilibrium will be reached during its life. Post-treatments of parts may also include the annealing (80-120C in oven, up to four hours). This procedure can be useful to relax any internal stresses.

Characteristics

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Special Characteristics | Heat resistant, High gloss, Improved creep, Low warpage |
| Product Categories | Glass reinforced |
| Processing | Injection molding |

General Disclaimer

NOTICE TO USERS: Values shown are based on testing of laboratory test specimens and represent data that fall within the standard range of properties for natural material. These values alone do not represent a sufficient basis for any part design and are not intended for use in establishing maximum, minimum, or ranges of values for specification purposes. Colorants or other additives may cause significant variations in data values. Properties of molded parts can be influenced by a wide variety of factors including, but not limited to, material selection, additives, part design, processing conditions and environmental exposure. Any determination of the suitability of a particular material and part design for any use contemplated by the users and the manner of such use is the sole responsibility of the users, who must assure themselves that the material as subsequently processed meets the needs of their particular product or use. To the best of our knowledge, the information contained in this publication is accurate; however, we do not assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy and completeness of such information. The information contained in this publication should not be construed as a promise or guarantee of specific properties of our products. It is the sole responsibility of the users to investigate whether any existing patents are infringed by the use of the materials mentioned in this publication. Moreover, there is a need to reduce human exposure to many materials to the lowest practical limits in view of possible adverse effects. To the extent that any hazards may have been mentioned in this publication, we neither suggest nor guarantee that such hazards are the only ones that exist. We recommend that persons intending to rely on any recommendation or to use any equipment, processing technique or material mentioned in this publication should satisfy themselves that they can meet all applicable safety and health standards. We strongly recommend that users seek and adhere to the manufacturer's current instructions for handling each material they use, and entrust the handling of such material to adequately trained personnel only. Please call the telephone numbers listed for additional technical information. Call Customer Services for the appropriate Materials Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) before attempting to process our products. The products mentioned herein are not intended for use in medical or dental implants.

Trademark

© 2022 Celanese or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Celanese®, registered C-ball design and all other trademarks identified herein with ®, TM, SM, unless otherwise noted, are trademarks of Celanese or its affiliates. Fortron is a registered trademark of Fortron Industries LLC. KEPITAL is a registered trademark of Korea Engineering Plastics Company, Ltd.

