

Polyamide 6 compound, 30% glass fiber reinforced, heat stabilized. Designed for electrical applications combines mechanical performances with long term heat ageing resistance. Improved flowability.

Product information

i roduct information			
Part Marking Code	>PA6-GF30<		ISO 11469
Rheological properties			
Moulding shrinkage range, parallel Moulding shrinkage range, normal	0.2 - 0.6 0.6 - 1.0		ISO 294-4, 2577 ISO 294-4, 2577
Typical mechanical properties	dry/cond.		
Tensile Modulus Stress at break, 5mm/min Strain at break, 5mm/min Flexural Modulus Flexural Strength Charpy impact strength, 23°C Charpy impact strength, -30°C Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	9500/6000 170/100 3.5/4.5 10000/- 250/- >60/- >50/- 10/- 8/-	MPa MPa % MPa kJ/m ² kJ/m ² kJ/m ²	ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 178 ISO 178 ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eA ISO 179/1eA
Thermal properties			
Melting temperature, 10 ° C/min Coeff. of linear therm. expansion, parallel Coeff. of linear therm. expansion, normal Thermal conductivity in plane, in flow Thermal conductivity in plane, cross flow Thermal conductivity through plane	104 0.46 0.44	°C E-6/K E-6/K W/(m K) W/(m K) W/(m K)	ISO 11357-1/-3 ISO 11359-1/-2 ISO 11359-1/-2 ASTM E 1461 ASTM E 1461 ASTM E 1461
Flammability			
Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn. Burning Behav. at thickness h Glow Wire Ignition Temperature, 1.5mm		class class °C	UL 94 UL 94 IEC 60695-2-13
Electrical properties	dry/cond.		
Volume resistivity Surface resistivity Comparative tracking index Comparative tracking index	6.4E12/- 1.1E14/- Group I PLC 0/-	Ohm.m Ohm PLC	IEC 62631-3-1 IEC 62631-3-2 IEC 60112 UL 746A







Other properties

Humidity absorption, 2mm	1.8 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Water absorption, 2mm	6.3 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Density	1350 kg/m³	ISO 1183
Injection Melt Temperature Optimum	250 °C	Internal

Additional information

Injection molding

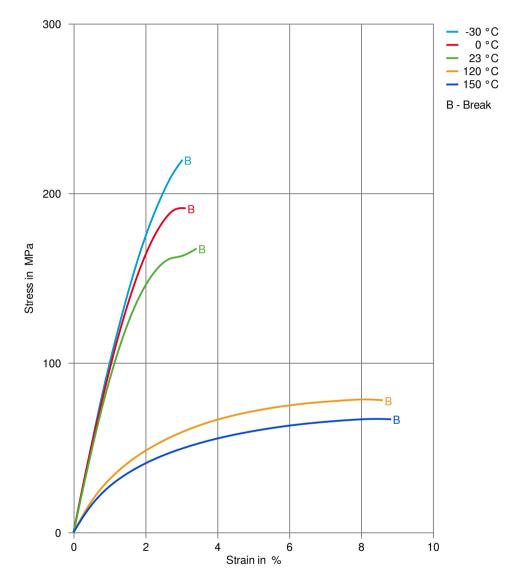
The following conditions apply to a standard injection molding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290°C (PA66), 235-270°C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300°C (up to 290°C products with flame retardants). Mold temperatures: 60-80°C, (80-100°C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically, 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300°C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the molded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection molding' or contact our technical support team.







Stress-strain (dry)

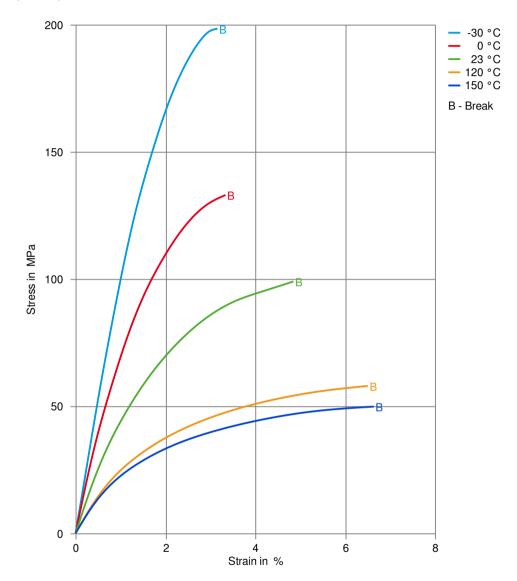








Stress-strain (cond.)

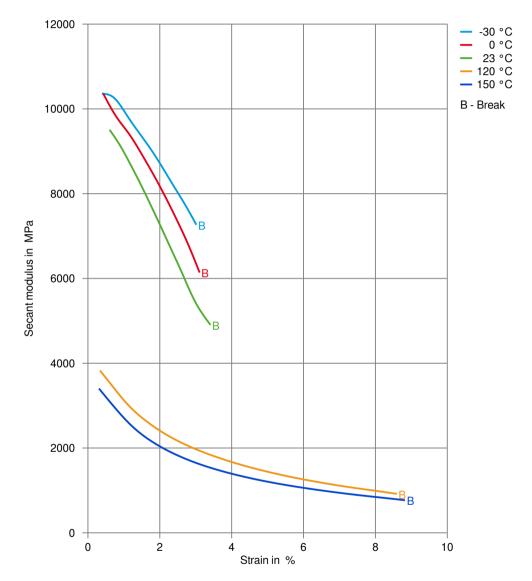








Secant modulus-strain (dry)

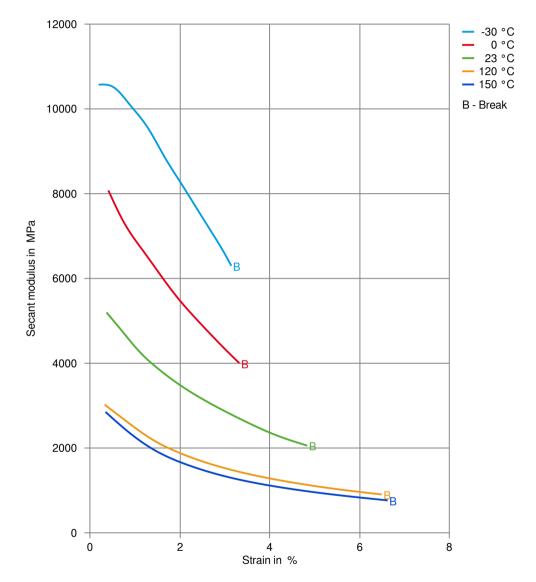








Secant modulus-strain (cond.)









Processing Texts	
Injection molding	The following conditions apply to a standard injection molding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290°C (PA66), 235-270°C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300°C (up to 290°C products with flame retardants). Mold temperatures: 60-80°C, (80-100°C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically, 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300°C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the molded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection molding' or contact our technical support team.
Injection molding Preprocessing	PA materials, stocked in a moisture-proof packaging, can be processed without drying; however, it is always recommended drying the product that comes from a large package (e.g. Octabin). The moisture content suggested for the injection molding process should be lower than 0.15%, according to the grade and to the molded part characteristics. The materials containing flame retardants should have moisture content below 0.10%. Red phosphorous containing grades must always be dried below 0.08%. The drying time depends on the moisture content and the drying conditions. Typically, 4-8 hours at 80-90°C using dehumidified air (dew point of -20°C) are suitable conditions for a starting moisture content of 0.20%-0.40%.
Injection molding Postprocessing	PA materials reach their final performance with a water content of about 1.5 to 3.5% by weight, depending on the type. This percentage corresponds to the point of equilibrium between the rates of absorption and desorption of moisture. After molding, in favorable environmental conditions, a part can quickly absorbs moisture up to 0.5-1.0%, while the equilibrium will be reached during its life. A conditioning treatment can accelerate further the initial water absorption of the molded parts. Conditioning is usually carried out in hot and humid environment (for example 50°C, 100% RH), inside climatic chambers. Slight dimensional variations (increase in volume due to the water absorbed) must be considered, especially in unfilled grades. Post-treatments of parts may also include the annealing (60-80°C in oven, up to four hours). This procedure can be useful to relax any internal stresses.

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