

FRIANYL B3 V0 NC 1102/V - PA6

Description

Car industry, Household appliances, Electrical devices.

| Physical properties | dry / cond | Unit | Test Standard |
|---|------------|--------|-----------------|
| Density | 72.4 / - | lb/ft³ | ISO 1183 |
| Molding shrinkage, parallel | 1.2 - 1.6 | % | ISO 294-4, 2577 |
| Molding shrinkage, normal | 1.1 - 1.5 | % | ISO 294-4, 2577 |
| Water absorption, 23°C-sat | 9 / * | % | ISO 62 |
| Humidity absorption, 23°C/50%RH | 2 / * | % | ISO 62 |
| Viscosity number (PA), H ₂ SO ₄ | 145 / * | - | ISO 307 (PA) |

| Mechanical properties | dry / cond | Unit | Test Standard |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| Tensile modulus | 471374 / - | psi | ISO 527-2/1A |
| Tensile stress at yield, 50mm/min | 10900 / - | psi | ISO 527-2/1A |
| Tensile strain at yield, 50mm/min | 3.7 / - | % | ISO 527-2/1A |
| Tensile strain at break, 50mm/min | 12 / - | % | ISO 527-2/1A |
| Charpy impact strength, 23°C | NB / - | ft-lb/in² | ISO 179/1eU |
| Charpy impact strength, -30°C | NB / - | ft-lb/in² | ISO 179/1eU |
| Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C | 1.66 / - | ft-lb/in² | ISO 179/1eA |
| Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C | 1.43 / - | ft-lb/in² | ISO 179/1eA |
| Ball indentation hardness, 30s | 20300 | psi | ISO 2039-1 |

| Thermal properties | dry / cond | Unit | Test Standard |
|----------------------------------|------------|-------|-----------------|
| Melting point, peak | 428 | °F | ISO 3146 |
| DTUL at 1.8 MPa | 158 / * | °F | ISO 75-1, -2 |
| DTUL at 0.45 MPa | 365 / * | °F | ISO 75-1, -2 |
| Flammability @3.2mm nom. thickn. | V-0 / * | class | UL 94 |
| Flammability @1.6mm nom. thickn. | V-0 / * | class | UL 94 |
| Flammability @0.8mm nom. thickn. | V-0 / * | class | UL 94 |
| Flammability @0.4mm nom. thickn. | V-0 / * | class | UL 94 |
| UL recognition (0.4) | UL / * | - | UL 94 |
| Continuous service temperature | 125 / * | °C | DIN/IEC 60216-1 |

| Electrical properties | dry / cond | Unit | Test Standard |
|----------------------------|------------|-------|---------------|
| Volume resistivity | 1E15 / - | Ohm*m | IEC 60093 |
| Comparative tracking index | 600 / - | - | IEC 60112 |

Other text information

Injection Molding Preprocessing

PA materials, stocked in a moisture-proof packaging, can be processed without drying; however, it is always recommended drying the product that comes from a large package (e.g. Octabin). The moisture content suggested for the injection moulding process should be lower than 0.15%, according to the grade and to the moulded part characteristics. The materials containing flame retardants should have moisture content below 0.10%. Red phosphorous containing grades must always be dried below 0.08%. The drying time depends on the moisture content and the drying conditions. Typically 4-8 hours at 80-90°C using dehumidified air (dew point of -20°C) are suitable conditions for a starting moisture content of 0.20%-0.40%.

Injection molding

The following conditions apply to a standard injection moulding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290°C (PA66), 235-270°C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300°C (up to 290°C products with flame retardants). Mould temperatures: 60-80°C, (80-100°C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300°C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the moulded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document "Instructions for injection moulding" or contact our technical support team.

