

CELANYL® A3 GF30 OR 2000/G

PA66, 30% glass fibre reinforced Car industry, Household appliances, Electrical devices.

ı																
1	\boldsymbol{L}	r	റ	$\boldsymbol{\cap}$	ш	IC.	tι	ır	١1	\cap	rı	m	2	ŤΙ	\cap	n
-1			u	u	HL.					u					w	

>PA66-GF30<		ISO 11469
0.2 - 0.5	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
0.4 - 0.9	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
dry/cond.		
9250/-	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
140/-	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
2.3/-	%	ISO 527-1/-2
37/-	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eU
4.7/-	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA
4.8/-	kJ/m²	ISO 180/1A
210	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
220	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
HB	class	UL 94
		UL 94
yes	0.000	UL 94
1.4	%	Sim. to ISO 62
		Sim. to ISO 62
1390	kg/m³	ISO 1183
	0.2 - 0.5 0.4 - 0.9 dry/cond. 9250/- 140/- 2.3/- 37/- 4.7/- 4.8/- 210 220 HB HB yes	0.2 - 0.5 % 0.4 - 0.9 % dry/cond. 9250/- MPa 140/- MPa 2.3/- % 37/- kJ/m² 4.7/- kJ/m² 4.8/- kJ/m² 4.8/- C 220 °C HB class HB class

Additional information

Injection molding

The following conditions apply to a standard injection moulding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290C (PA66), 235-270C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300C (up to 290C products with flame retardants). Mould temperatures: 60-80C, (80-100C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the moulded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection moulding' or contact our technical support team.

Printed: 2023-09-18 Page: 1 of 2







CELANYL® A3 GF30 OR 2000/G

Processing Texts

Injection molding

The following conditions apply to a standard injection moulding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290C (PA66), 235-270C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300C (up to 290C products with flame retardants). Mould temperatures: 60-80C, (80-100C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the moulded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection moulding' or contact our technical support team.

Injection molding Preprocessing

PA materials, stocked in a moisture-proof packaging, can be processed without drying; however, it is always recomended drying the product that comes from a large package (e.g. Octabin). The moisture content suggested for the injection moulding process should be lower than 0.15%, according to the grade and to the moulded part characteristics. The materials containing flame retardants should have moisture content below 0.10%. Red phosphorous containing grades must always be dried below 0.08%. The drying time depends on the moisture content and the drying conditions. Typically 4-8 hours at 80-90C using dehumidified air (dew point of -20C) are suitable conditions for a starting moisture content of 0.20%-0.40%.

Injection molding Postprocessing

PA materials reach their final performance with a water content of about 1.5 to 3.5% by weight, depending on the type. This percentage corresponds to the point of equilibrium between the rates of absorption and desorption of moisture. After moulding, in favourable environmental conditions, a part can quickly absorbs moisture up to 0.5-1.0%, while the equilibrium will be reached during its life. A conditioning treatment can accelerate further the initial water absorption of the moulded parts. Conditioning is usually carried out in hot and humid environment (for example 50C, 100% RH), inside climatic chambers. Slight dimensional variations (increase in volume due to the water absorbed) must be taken into account, especially in unfilled grades. Post-treatments of parts may also include the annealing (60-80C in oven, up to four hours). This procedure can be useful to relax any internal stresses.

Printed: 2023-09-18 Page: 2 of 2



