

CELANYL® A3 WR GF30 NC 1102/Z/FA

Polyamide 66 compound, 30% glass fibre reinforced, peroxide stabilized. UL certified HB@0.73mm. Designed for any technical application requiring long term heat resistance packed with prime quality mechanical performances. Suitable for drinking water applications.

Part Marking Code	>PA66-GF30<		ISO 11469
Rheological properties			
Moulding shrinkage range, parallel	0.3 - 0.6 %		ISO 294-4, 2577
Moulding shrinkage range, normal	0.6 - 0.9	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Typical mechanical properties	dry/cond.		
Tensile Modulus	10000/-	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at break, 5mm/min	190/-	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Strain at break, 5mm/min	3/-	%	ISO 527-1/-2
Flexural Modulus	8500/-	MPa	ISO 178
Charpy impact strength, 23°C	70/- 13/-	kJ/m² kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eA
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	10/-	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA ISO 179/1eA
Izod notched impact strength, 23°C	11/-	kJ/m²	ISO 179/16A
Izod notched impact strength, -30°C	8	kJ/m²	ISO 180/1A
Thermal properties			
Melting temperature, 10°C/min	265	5 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Temp. of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa	250) °C	ISO 75-1/-2
Temp. of deflection under load, 0.45 MPa	260) °C	ISO 75-1/-2
Flammability			
Burning Behav. at thickness h	HB	3 class	UL 94
Thickness tested	3.2	2 mm	UL 94
FMVSS Class	В	3	ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)
Electrical properties	dry/cond.		
Volume resistivity	1E13/-	Ohm.m	IEC 62631-3-1
Surface resistivity	1E13/-	Ohm	IEC 62631-3-2
Electric strength	21/-	kV/mm	IEC 60243-1
Other properties			
Humidity absorption, 2mm		7 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Water absorption, 2mm) %	Sim. to ISO 62
Density	1370) kg/m³	ISO 1183
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Additional information

Injection molding

The following conditions apply to a standard injection molding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290°C (PA66), 235-270°C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300°C (up to 290°C products with flame retardants). Mold temperatures: 60-80°C, (80-100°C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically, 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300°C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the molded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection molding' or contact our technical support team.

Processing Texts

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Injection molding Preprocessing

PA materials, stocked in a moisture-proof packaging, can be processed without drying; however, it is always recommended drying the product that comes from a large package (e.g. Octabin). The moisture content suggested for the injection molding process should be lower than 0.15%, according to the grade and to the molded part characteristics. The materials containing flame retardants should have moisture content below 0.10%. Red phosphorous containing grades must always be dried below 0.08%. The drying time depends on the moisture content and the drying conditions. Typically, 4-8 hours at 80-90°C using dehumidified air (dew point of -20°C) are suitable conditions for a starting moisture content of 0.20%-0.40%.

Injection molding Postprocessing

PA materials reach their final performance with a water content of about 1.5 to 3.5% by weight, depending on the type. This percentage corresponds to the point of equilibrium between the rates of absorption and desorption of moisture. After molding, in favorable environmental conditions, a part can quickly absorbs moisture up to 0.5-1.0%, while the equilibrium will be reached during its life. A conditioning treatment can accelerate further the initial water absorption of the molded parts. Conditioning is usually carried out in hot and humid environment (for example 50 °C, 100% RH), inside climatic chambers. Slight dimensional variations (increase in volume due to the water absorbed) must be considered,

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especially in unfilled grades. Post-treatments of parts may also include the annealing ($60-80\,^{\circ}$ C in oven, up to four hours). This procedure can be useful to relax any internal stresses.

Chemical Media Resistance

Salt solutions

✓ Sodium Hypochlorite solution (10% by mass), 23°C

Symbols used:

- ✓ possibly resistant
 - Defined as: Supplier has sufficient indication that contact with chemical can be potentially accepted under the intended use conditions and expected service life. Criteria for assessment have to be indicated (e.g. surface aspect, volume change, property change).
- ★ not recommended see explanation Defined as: Not recommended for general use. However, short-term exposure under certain restricted conditions could be acceptable (e.g. fast cleaning with thorough rinsing, spills, wiping, vapor exposure).

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