

FRIANYL® A3 GF25 V0XI NC 1101/LA

Polyamide 66 compound, 25% glass fibre reinforced, heat stabilized, flame retardant with halogens, PBB and PBDE free. UL listed V0@0,35mm.

Designed for Electrical applications requiring self-extinguishing properties combined with excellent ignition resistance, this grade meets the most stringent safety requirements for insulating materials.

Product information

Part Marking Code	>PA66-GF25 FR(17)<		ISO 11469
Rheological properties			
Melt volume-flow rate	48	cm ³ /10min	ISO 1133
Temperature	270	°C	
Load	5	kg	
Moulding shrinkage range, parallel	0.2 - 0.5	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Moulding shrinkage range, normal	0.5 - 0.8	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Typical mechanical properties	dry/cond.		
Tensile Modulus	10000/-	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at break, 5mm/min	150/-	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Strain at break, 5mm/min	2.4/-	%	ISO 527-1/-2
Charpy impact strength, 23°C	60/-	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	10/-	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA
Izod notched impact strength, 23°C	11/-	kJ/m²	ISO 180/1A
Izod impact strength, 23°C	50/-	kJ/m²	ISO 180/1U
Thermal properties			
Temp. of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa	230	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
Flammability			
Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn.	V-0	class	UL 94
Burning Behav. at thickness h		class	UL 94
Thickness tested	0.35	mm	UL 94
UL recognition	yes		UL 94
Glow Wire Flammability Index, 0.75mm	960	°C	IEC 60695-2-12
Glow Wire Flammability Index, 3mm	960		IEC 60695-2-12
Glow Wire Ignition Temperature, 0.75mm	825		IEC 60695-2-13
Glow Wire Ignition Temperature, 3mm	875	°C	IEC 60695-2-13
FMVSS Class	SE		ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)

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Electrical properties

dry/cond.

Comparative tracking index

Group II

Comparative tracking index

PLC 1/
PLC

IEC 60112

UL 746A

Other properties

Humidity absorption, 2mm1 %Sim. to ISO 62Water absorption, 2mm3.6 %Sim. to ISO 62Density1580 kg/m³ISO 1183

Characteristics

Additives Flame retardant

Additional information

Injection molding

The following conditions apply to a standard injection molding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290°C (PA66), 235-270°C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300°C (up to 290°C products with flame retardants). Mold temperatures: 60-80°C, (80-100°C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically, 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300°C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the molded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection molding' or contact our technical support team.

Processing Texts

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Injection molding Preprocessing

PA materials, stocked in a moisture-proof packaging, can be processed without drying; however, it is always recommended drying the product that comes from a large package (e.g. Octabin). The moisture content suggested for the injection molding process should be lower than 0.15%, according to the grade and to the molded part characteristics. The materials containing flame retardants should have moisture content below 0.10%. Red phosphorous containing grades must always be dried below 0.08%. The drying time depends on the moisture content and the drying conditions. Typically, 4-8 hours at 80-90°C using dehumidified air







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(dew point of -20 $^{\circ}$ C) are suitable conditions for a starting moisture content of 0.20%-0.40%.

Injection molding Postprocessing

PA materials reach their final performance with a water content of about 1.5 to 3.5% by weight, depending on the type. This percentage corresponds to the point of equilibrium between the rates of absorption and desorption of moisture. After molding, in favorable environmental conditions, a part can quickly absorbs moisture up to 0.5-1.0%, while the equilibrium will be reached during its life. A conditioning treatment can accelerate further the initial water absorption of the molded parts. Conditioning is usually carried out in hot and humid environment (for example 50 °C, 100% RH), inside climatic chambers. Slight dimensional variations (increase in volume due to the water absorbed) must be considered, especially in unfilled grades. Post-treatments of parts may also include the annealing (60-80 °C in oven, up to four hours). This procedure can be useful to relax any internal stresses.

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