

# FRIANYL® A3 W GF35 V0E - PA66

# **Description**

Polyamide 66 compound, 35% glass fiber reinforced, heat resistant, based on flame retardants halogen and red phosphorous free. UL listed V0@1,5mm.

Designed for Electrical applications requiring self-extinguishing properties combined with good mechanical performances, this grade meets the most stringent safety requirements for insulating materials. Ideal for thick walled parts.

Preliminary Data Sheet

Physical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Density	91.1	lb/ft <sup>3</sup>	ISO 1183
Molding shrinkage, parallel (flow)	0.2 - 0.5	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Molding shrinkage, transverse normal	0.5 - 0.8	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Water absorption, 23°C-sat	4.3	%	Sim. to ISO 62
Humidity absorption, 23°C/50%RH	1.2	%	ISO 62
Mechanical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Fensile modulus	1.67E6/1.04E6	psi	ISO 527-1, -2
Fensile stress at break, 5mm/min	21000/-	psi	ISO 527-1, -2
Tensile strain at break, 5mm/min	3/-	%	ISO 527-1, -2
Flexural modulus, 23°C	1.54E6/-	psi	ISO 178
Flexural strength, 23°C	37000/-	psi	ISO 178
Charpy impact strength, 23°C	33.3/35.7	ft-lb/in <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy impact strength, -30°C	28.5/>60	ft-lb/in <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	4.76/7.14	ft-lb/in <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	3.81/3.81	ft-lb/in <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eA
Thermal properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Melting temperature, 20°C/min	500	°F	ISO 11357-1/-3
DTUL at 1.8 MPa	455	°F	ISO 75-1, -2
OTUL at 0.45 MPa	491	°F	ISO 75-1, -2
FMVSS	SE	-	ISO 3795
			(FMVSS 302)
Flammability @3.2mm nom. thickn.	V-0	class	UL 94
Flammability @1.6mm nom. thickn.	V-0	class	UL 94
Continuous service temperature	130	°C	DIN/IEC 60216-1
Glow wire flammability index, 0.8 mm	1760	°F	IEC 60695-2-12
Glow wire flammability index, 3.2 mm	1760	°F	IEC 60695-2-12
Electrical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
/olume resistivity, 23 ° C	>1E12/-	Ohm*m	IEC 62631-3-1
Surface resistivity, 23°C	>1E13/-	Ohm	IEC 62631-3-2
Electric strength, 23°C (AC)	1220/-	kV/in	IEC 60243-1
Comparative tracking index	PLC 0/-	-	UL 746
Comparative tracking index	Group I	-	IEC 60112
CTI 50 drops	600	V	IEC 60112
CTI 100 drops	600	V	IEC 60112
/DA Properties	Value	Unit	
FMVSS	SE		ISO 3795
			(FMVSS 302)



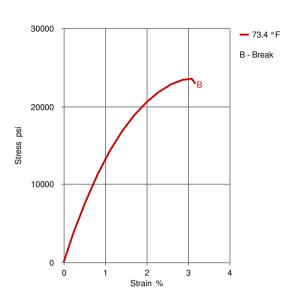


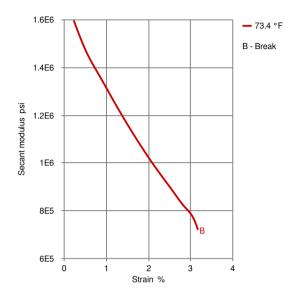
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### **Diagrams**

#### Stress-strain (dry)

## Secant modulus-strain (dry)





#### Other text information

#### Injection Molding Preprocessing

PA materials, stocked in a moisture-proof packaging, can be processed without drying; however, it is always recommended drying the product that comes from a large package (e.g. Octabin). The moisture content suggested for the injection molding process should be lower than 0.15%, according to the grade and to the molded part characteristics. The materials containing flame retardants should have moisture content below 0.10%. Red phosphorous containing grades must always be dried below 0.08%. The drying time depends on the moisture content and the drying conditions. Typically, 4-8 hours at 80-90 °C using dehumidified air (dew point of -20 °C) are suitable conditions for a starting moisture content of 0.20%-0.40%.

## Injection molding

The following conditions apply to a standard injection molding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290 °C (PA66), 235-270 °C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300 °C (up to 290 °C products with flame retardants). Mold temperatures: 60-80 °C, (80-100 °C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically, 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300 °C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the molded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection molding' or contact our technical support team.

## **Injection Molding Postprocessing**

PA materials reach their final performance with a water content of about 1.5 to 3.5% by weight, depending on the type. This percentage corresponds to the point of equilibrium between the rates of absorption and desorption of moisture. After molding, in favorable environmental conditions, a part can quickly absorbs moisture up to 0.5-1.0%, while the equilibrium will be reached during its life. A conditioning treatment can accelerate further the initial water absorption of the molded parts. Conditioning is usually carried out in hot and humid environment (for example 50°C, 100% RH), inside climatic chambers. Slight dimensional variations (increase in volume due to the water absorbed) must be considered, especially in unfilled grades. Post-treatments of parts may also include the annealing (60-80°C in oven, up to four hours). This procedure can be useful to relax any internal stresses.

## Characteristics

**Special Characteristics** Flame retardant, Heat resistant

Product Categories Glass reinforced





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Processing Injection molding

**Delivery Form** Granules

Additives Flame retarding agent



