

FRIANYL[®] A3 W GF30 V0E BK 9005

Polyamide 66 compound, 30% glass fibre reinforced, high heat stabilized. UL listed V0@1,5mm. Designed for Electrical applications requiring self-extinguishing properties combined with good mechanical performances, this grade meets the most stringent safety requirements for insulating materials. Ideal for thicker walled parts.

Rheological properties

Moulding shrinkage, parallel Moulding shrinkage, normal	0.3 - 0.6 % 0.6 - 0.9 %	ISO 294-4, 2577 ISO 294-4, 2577
Typical mechanical properties Tensile Modulus Stress at break, 5mm/min Strain at break, 5mm/min Flexural Modulus Flexural Strength Charpy impact strength, 23°C Charpy impact strength, -30°C Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	dry/cond. 11000/6600 MPa 160/105 MPa 2.6/5 % 10600/- MPa 255/- MPa 70/>60 kJ/m² 64/- kJ/m² 11/16 kJ/m² 10/- kJ/m²	ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 178 ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eA ISO 179/1eA
Thermal properties Temp. of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa Temp. of deflection under load, 0.45 MPa	235 °C 255 °C	ISO 75-1/-2 ISO 75-1/-2
Flammability Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn. Glow Wire Flammability Index, 0.75mm Glow Wire Flammability Index, 3mm FMVSS Class	V-0 class 960 °C 960 °C 0.5	UL 94 IEC 60695-2-12 IEC 60695-2-12 ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)
Electrical properties Volume resistivity Surface resistivity Electric strength Comparative tracking index Comparative tracking index	dry/cond. >1E14/- Ohm.m >1E13/- Ohm 45/- kV/mm Group I PLC 0/- PLC	IEC 62631-3-1 IEC 62631-3-2 IEC 60243-1 IEC 60112 UL 746A
Other properties Humidity absorption, 2mm Water absorption, 2mm Density	1.4 % 4.9 % 1410 kg/m³	Sim. to ISO 62 Sim. to ISO 62 ISO 1183

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Characteristics

Injection molding

Additional information

Additives

Flame retardant

The following conditions apply to a standard injection molding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290°C (PA66), 235-270°C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300°C (up to 290°C products with flame retardants). Mold temperatures: 60-80°C, (80-100°C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically, 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300°C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the molded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection molding' or contact our technical support team.

Processing Texts

Injection molding

The following conditions apply to a standard injection molding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290 °C (PA66), 235-270 °C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300 °C (up to 290 °C products with flame retardants). Mold temperatures: 60-80 °C, (80-100 °C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically, 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300 °C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the molded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection molding' or contact our technical support team.

Injection molding Preprocessing PA materials, stocked in a moisture-proof packaging, can be processed without drying; however, it is always recommended drying the product that comes from a large package (e.g. Octabin). The moisture content suggested for the injection molding process should be lower than 0.15%, according to the grade and to the molded part characteristics. The materials containing flame retardants should have moisture content below 0.10%. Red phosphorous containing grades must always be dried below 0.08%. The drying time depends on the moisture content and the drying conditions. Typically, 4-8 hours at 80-90°C using dehumidified air (dew point of -20°C) are suitable conditions for a starting moisture content of 0.20%-0.40%.

Injection molding PostprocessingPA materials reach their final performance with a water content of about 1.5 to
3.5% by weight, depending on the type. This percentage corresponds to the point
of equilibrium between the rates of absorption and desorption of moisture. After
molding, in favorable environmental conditions, a part can quickly absorbs
moisture up to 0.5-1.0%, while the equilibrium will be reached during its life. A
conditioning treatment can accelerate further the initial water absorption of the







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molded parts. Conditioning is usually carried out in hot and humid environment (for example 50°C, 100% RH), inside climatic chambers. Slight dimensional variations (increase in volume due to the water absorbed) must be considered, especially in unfilled grades. Post-treatments of parts may also include the annealing (60-80°C in oven, up to four hours). This procedure can be useful to relax any internal stresses.

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