

20% glass-fiber reinforced grade Polyethylene terephthalate, 20 % glass fibre reinforced, high flowability, excellent gloss, high modulus

Rheological properties

Viscosity number	70	cm ³ /g	ISO 307, 1157, 1628
Moulding shrinkage, parallel	0.2 - 0.4	•	ISO 294-4, 2577
Moulding shrinkage, normal	0.8 - 1.0	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Typical mechanical properties			
Tensile Modulus	8200	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at break, 5mm/min	133	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Strain at break, 5mm/min	2	%	ISO 527-1/-2
Flexural Modulus		MPa	ISO 178
Flexural Strength		MPa	ISO 178
Charpy impact strength, 23°C		kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy impact strength, -30 °C		kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C		kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C		kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA
Izod notched impact strength, 23°C		kJ/m²	ISO 180/1A
Hardness, Rockwell, M-scale	123		ISO 2039-2
Ball indentation hardness, H 358/30	235	MPa	ISO 2039-1
Thermal properties			
Melting temperature, 10°C/min		°C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Glass transition temperature, 10°C/min		°C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Temp. of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa		°C	ISO 75-1/-2
Temp. of deflection under load, 0.45 MPa	- • •	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
Temp. of deflection under load, 8 MPa		°C	ISO 75-1/-2
Vicat softening temperature, 50°C/h, 50N	250	°C	ISO 306
Flammability			
Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn.	HB	class	UL 94
Thickness tested	1.6	mm	UL 94
Burning Behav. at thickness h	HB	class	UL 94
Thickness tested	0.80	mm	UL 94
Oxygen index	24	%	ISO 4589-1/-2
Electrical properties			
Relative permittivity, 100Hz	4.6	;	IEC 62631-2-1
Relative permittivity, 1MHz	4.1		IEC 62631-2-1
Dissipation factor, 100Hz		E-4	IEC 62631-2-1
Dissipation factor, 1MHz	190	E-4	IEC 62631-2-1
Volume resistivity	3E14	Ohm.m	IEC 62631-3-1
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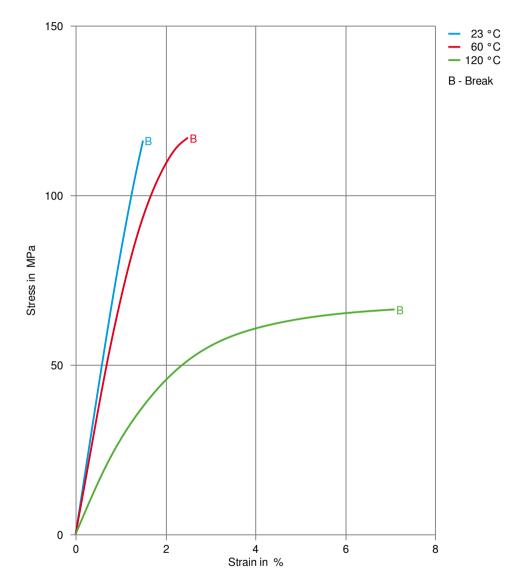
Surface resistivity Electric strength Comparative tracking index Arc Resistance	>1E14 31 PLC 3 84	kV/mm PLC	IEC 62631-3-2 IEC 60243-1 UL 746A Internal
Other properties Humidity absorption, 2mm Water absorption, 2mm Density	0.2 0.45 1520		Sim. to ISO 62 Sim. to ISO 62 ISO 1183
Injection			
Drying Temperature Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer Processing Moisture Content Screw tangential speed Max. mould temperature Injection speed	120 - 140 2 - 4 0.01 0.1 - 0.14 135 - 145 fast	h % m/s	
Characteristics			
Additives	Release agent		
Additional information Injection molding	Melt Temperature 270-290 °C Mold Temperature 135-145 °C Maximum Barrel Residence Time *) 5-10 min Injection Speed fast Peripheral screw speed max.0,3 m/sec Back Pressure 10-20 bar Injection Pressure 600-900 bar Holding Pressure 300-500 bar Nozzle Design open design preferred Injection speed, injection pressure and holding pressure have to be optimized to the individual article geometry. To avoid material degradation during processing low back pressure and minimum screw speed have to be used. Overheating of the material has to be avoided.		
Ticona recommends only externally heated hot runner systems.			;.
	*) If the cylinder temperatures are higher than the recommended maximum temperatures, the max. residence time in the barrel has to be reduced.		
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Stress-strain



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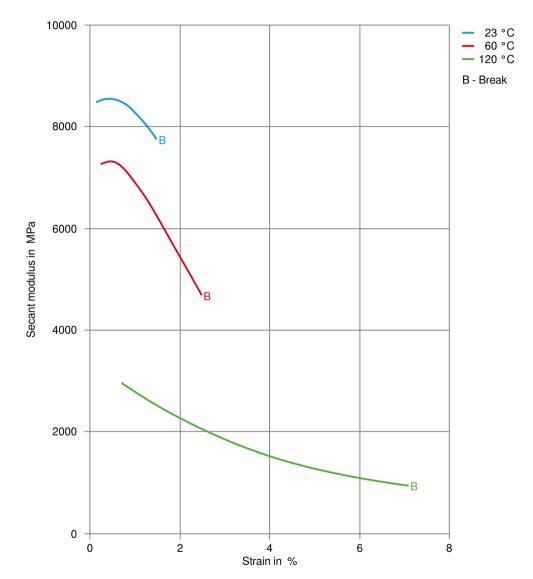
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Secant modulus-strain



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IMPET should in principle be predried. Because of the necessary low maximum residual moisture content the use of dry air dryers is recommended. The dew point should be $=< -30^{\circ}$ C. The time between drying and processing should be as short as possible.
For subsequent storage of the material in the dryer until processed (<= 60 h) it is necessary to lower the temperature to 100° C.
Melt Temperature 270-290 °C
Mold Temperature 135-145 °C Maximum Barrel Residence Time *) 5-10 min
Injection Speed fast
Peripheral screw speed max.0,3 m/sec
Back Pressure 10-20 bar
Injection Pressure 600-900 bar
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Ticona recommends only externally heated hot runner systems.
*) If the cylinder temperatures are higher than the recommended maximum temperatures, the max. residence time in the barrel has to be reduced.
To avoid hydrolytic degradation during processing, IMPET resins have to be dried to a moisture level equal to or less than 0,01%. The drying should be done in a dry- air dryer (dew point < -30 °C) with a temperature of 120 to 140 °C and a drying time of 2 to 4 hours. In case of longer residence times in the dry-air dryer, the temperature should be reduced to 100 °C. The time between drying and processing should be kept as short as possible. The processing machine feed hopper should be closed during the processing operation.

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