

CELCON[®] LW90-F2

Low wear/friction, low level PTFE modification, standard product

Celcon® LW90-F2 is an acetal copolymer formulated with a nominal 9 melt flow rate base polymer and a standard level of polytetrafluoroethylene filler (PTFE). It is designed for use in wear applications against plastic, metal, glass, or ceramic mating surfaces where silicone lubricants can not be tolerated.

Rheological properties

Melt volume-flow rate Temperature Load Moulding shrinkage range, parallel Moulding shrinkage range, normal	8 190 2.16 2.3 1.9	kg %	ISO 1133 ISO 294-4, 2577 ISO 294-4, 2577
Typical mechanical properties			
Tensile Modulus Yield stress, 50mm/min Yield strain, 50mm/min Flexural Modulus Flexural Stress at 3.5% Charpy impact strength, 23°C Charpy impact strength, -30°C Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C Izod notched impact strength, 23°C	9 2600 72 120 120 5	MPa %	ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 178 ISO 178 ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eA ISO 180/1A
Thermal properties			
Melting temperature, 10°C/min Temp. of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa Vicat softening temperature, 50°C/h, 50N Coeff. of linear therm. expansion, parallel Coeff. of linear therm. expansion, normal	161 100	°C	ISO 11357-1/-3 ISO 75-1/-2 ISO 306 ISO 11359-1/-2 ISO 11359-1/-2
Other properties			
Density	1410	kg/m ³	ISO 1183
Injection Drying Temperature Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer Max. mould temperature Back pressure Injection speed	100 - 120 3 - 4 80 - 120 2 slow-medium	h	

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Additional information

Injection molding Standard reciprocating screw injection molding machines with a high compression screw (minimum 3:1 and preferably 4:1) and low back pressure (0.35 Mpa/50 PSI) are favored. Using a low oncression screw (ILE, general purpose 2:1 compression ratio) can result in unmelted particles and poor melt hougeneity. Using a high back pressure to make up for a low compression ratio may lead to excessive shear heating and deterioration of the material. Melt Temperature: Preferred range 182-199 C (360-390 F). Melt temperature should never exceed 230 C (450 F). Mold Surface Temperature: Preferred range 82-93 C (180-200 F) especially with wall thickness tess than 1.5 mm (0.060 in.). May require mold temperature a shigh as 120 C (250 F) to reproduce mold surface to a ssure minimal molded in stress. Wall thickness greater than 3mm (18 in.) may use a color (65 C 150 F) may lider weld line formation and produce a hazy surface or a surface with flow lines, pits and other included defects that can hinder part performance. Processing Texts Pre-drying Drying is not normally required. If material has come in contact with moisture through improper storage or handling or through regrind use, drying may be necessary to prevent splay and odor problems. Injection molding Standard reciprocating screw injection molding machines with a high compression screw (luing a high back pressure to make up for a low compression ratio may lead to excessive shear heating and deterioration of the material. Melt Temperature: and well to prevent splay and odor problems. Injection molding Standard reciprocating screw injection molding machines with a high compression screw (luing a high back pressure to compression screw) (luing a high back pressure to make	Additional information	
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performance.

Injection molding Preprocessing

Drying is generally not required because Celcon® and Hostaform® acetal copolymers are not hydroscopic nor are they degraded by moisture during processing. Excessive moisture can lead to splay (silver streaking) in molded parts. For better uniformity in molding especially when using regrind or material that has been stored in containers open to the atmosphere, recommended drying conditions are 80 C (180 F) for 3hours. Desiccant hopper dryers are not required. Maximum water content = 0.35%

Injection molding Postprocessing Postprocessing conditioning and moisturizing are not required. It may be necessary to fixture large or complicated parts with varying wall thickness to prevent warpage while cooling to ambient temperature.

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