

Common features of Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer include mechanical and physical properties such as exceptional toughness and resilience, high resistance to creep, impact and flex fatigue, flexibility at low temperatures and good retention of properties at elevated temperatures. In addition, it resists many industrial chemicals, oils and solvents. Special grades include heat stabilised, flame retardant, food contact compliant, blow molding and extrusion grades. Concentrates offered include black pigments, UV protection additives, heat stabilisers, and flame retardants. Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer is plasticiser free.

The good melt stability of Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer normally enables the recycling of properly handled production waste. If recycling is not possible, we recommend, as the preferred option, incineration with energy recovery (-24 kJ/g of base polymer) in appropriately equipped installations.

For disposal, local regulations have to be observed.

Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer typically is used in demanding applications in the automotive, fluid power, electrical/electronic, consumer goods, appliance and power tool, sporting goods, furniture, industrial and off-road transportation/equipment industry.

Hytrel® 4056P is a low modulus Hytrel® grade with nominal durometer hardness of 40D and with high impact resistance down to -40°C. It is delivered in a powder form.

### **Product information**

Resin Identification Part Marking Code	TPC-ET >TPC-ET<		ISO 1043 ISO 11469
Rheological properties			
Melt volume-flow rate	5	cm <sup>3</sup> /10min	ISO 1133
Melt mass-flow rate	5.6	g/10min	ISO 1133
Temperature		°C	
Load	2.16	kg	
Melt mass-flow rate, Temperature	190	°Č	
Melt mass-flow rate, Load	2.16	kg	
Typical mechanical properties			
Tensile Modulus	60	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at 5% strain	2.4	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at 10% strain	4.6	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at 50% strain	8.4	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at break	22	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Nominal strain at break	500	%	ISO 527-1/-2
Strain at break	>300	%	ISO 527-1/-2
Flexural Modulus	64	MPa	ISO 178
Tensile creep modulus, 1h	54	MPa	ISO 899-1

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Tensile creep modulus, 1000h Charpy impact strength, 23°C Charpy impact strength, -30°C Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C Tensile notched impact strength, 23°C Poisson's ratio Shore D hardness, 15s Shore D hardness, max Tear strength, parallel Tear strength, normal Abrasion resistance	N N 230 0.5 37 43 100 96	MPa kJ/m <sup>2</sup> kJ/m <sup>2</sup> kJ/m <sup>2</sup> kJ/m <sup>2</sup> kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	ISO 899-1 ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eA ISO 179/1eA ISO 8256/1 ISO 48-4 / ISO 868 ISO 868 ISO 34-1 ISO 34-1 ISO 4649
Thermal properties			
Melting temperature, 10°C/min Glass transition temperature, 10°C/min	152 -50	°C °C	ISO 11357-1/-3 ISO 11357-1/-3
Flammability			
FMVSS Class Burning rate, Thickness 1 mm	B <80	mm/min	ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302) ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)
Electrical properties			
Comparative tracking index	600		IEC 60112
Injection			
Drying Recommended Drying Temperature Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer Processing Moisture Content	yes 80 2 - 3 ≤0.08		
Chemical Media Resistance			
<ul> <li>Aceids</li> <li>Acetic Acid (5% by mass), 23°C</li> <li>Citric Acid solution (10% by mass), 23°C</li> <li>Lactic Acid (10% by mass), 23°C</li> <li>Hydrochloric Acid (36% by mass), 23°C</li> <li>Nitric Acid (40% by mass), 23°C</li> <li>Sulfuric Acid (38% by mass), 23°C</li> <li>Sulfuric Acid (5% by mass), 23°C</li> <li>Chromic Acid solution (40% by mass), 23°C</li> </ul>			

#### Bases

- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (35% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (1% by mass), 23°C







✓ Ammonium Hydroxide solution (10% by mass), 23°C

### Alcohols

- Isopropyl alcohol, 23°C
- ✓ Methanol, 23°C
- ✓ Ethanol, 23°C

### Hydrocarbons

- ✓ n-Hexane, 23°C
- ✓ Toluene, 23°C
- ✓ iso-Octane, 23°C

### Ketones

★ Acetone, 23°C

### Ethers

X Diethyl ether, 23°C

### Mineral oils

- ✓ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 23°C
- ✗ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 130 °C
- X SAE 80/90 hypoid-gear oil, 130 °C
- ✓ Insulating Oil, 23°C

### **Standard Fuels**

- X ISO 1817 Liquid 1 E5, 60°C
- X ISO 1817 Liquid 2 M15E4, 60°C
- X ISO 1817 Liquid 3 M3E7, 60°C
- X ISO 1817 Liquid 4 M15, 60°C
- ✓ Standard fuel without alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid C), 23°C
- ✓ Standard fuel with alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid 4), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 90°C
- ➤ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), >90°C

### Salt solutions

- ✓ Sodium Chloride solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- X Sodium Hypochlorite solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (20% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (2% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Zinc Chloride solution (50% by mass), 23°C

### Other

- ✓ Ethyl Acetate, 23°C
- ★ Hydrogen peroxide, 23°C
- X DOT No. 4 Brake fluid, 130°C
- ★ Ethylene Glycol (50% by mass) in water, 108°C
- 1% nonylphenoxy-polyethyleneoxy ethanol in water, 23°C
- ✓ 50% Oleic acid + 50% Olive Oil, 23°C
- ✓ Water, 23°C







✓ Water, 90°C

✓ Phenol solution (5% by mass), 23°C

#### Symbols used:

✓ possibly resistant

Defined as: Supplier has sufficient indication that contact with chemical can be potentially accepted under the intended use conditions and expected service life. Criteria for assessment have to be indicated (e.g. surface aspect, volume change, property change).

#### X not recommended - see explanation

Defined as: Not recommended for general use. However, short-term exposure under certain restricted conditions could be acceptable (e.g. fast cleaning with thorough rinsing, spills, wiping, vapor exposure).



