

Polyfort FPP 10 GFC

Polypropylene Homopolymer

LyondellBasell Industries

Engineering Plastics

Product Description

10% glass fibre reinforced PP-Homopolymer chemically coupled

General

Filler / Reinforcement	• Glass Fiber, 10% Filler by Weight
Processing Method	• Injection Molding
Resin ID (ISO 1043)	• PP H 10GFC

Physical	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)	Test Method
Density	0.970 g/cm ³	0.970 g/cm ³	ISO 1183/A
Melt Volume-Flow Rate (MVR) (230°C/2.16 Kg)	8.0 cm ³ /10min	8.0 cm ³ /10min	ISO 1133
Mechanical	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)	Test Method
Tensile Modulus	407000 psi	2810 MPa	ISO 527-1/1A/1
Tensile Stress (Yield)	7250 psi	50.0 MPa	ISO 527-2/1A/50
Tensile Strain (Yield)	4.0 %	4.0 %	ISO 527-2/1A/50
Flexural Modulus ¹	359000 psi	2480 MPa	ISO 178
Flexural Stress ¹			ISO 178
6.0% Strain	9790 psi	67.5 MPa	
3.5% Strain	8410 psi	58.0 MPa	
Impact	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)	Test Method
Charpy Notched Impact Strength (73°F (23°C))	3.1 ft·lb/in ²	6.5 kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy Unnotched Impact Strength 73°F (23°C)	18 ft·lb/in ²	37 kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eU
Thermal	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)	Test Method
Deflection Temperature Under Load 264 Psi (1.8 Mpa), Unannealed	230 °F	110 °C	ISO 75-2/Af
Vicat Softening Temperature	239 °F	115 °C	ISO 306/B50
Flammability	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)	Test Method
Burning Rate			
0.0787 In (2.00 Mm)	< 3.9 in/min	< 100 mm/min	ISO 3795
0.0787 In (2.00 Mm)	< 3.9 in/min	< 100 mm/min	FMVSS 302

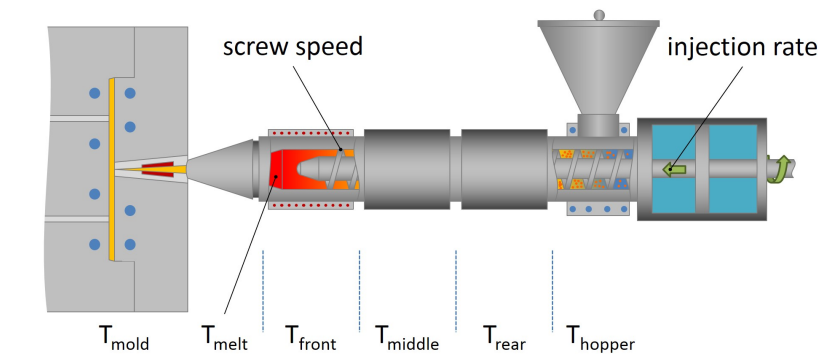
Additional Information

- 1.) Not for use in food contact applications
- 2.) Not for use in medical or pharmaceutical applications



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Injection	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)
Drying Temperature	176 °F	80 °C
Drying Time	2.0 to 3.0 hr	2.0 to 3.0 hr
Processing (Melt) Temp	428 to 500 °F	220 to 260 °C
Mold Temperature	86 to 140 °F	30 to 60 °C
Injection Rate	Moderate-Fast	Moderate-Fast

Injection Notes

Polypropylene is not hygroscopic and generally does not require drying. As a good practice and to avoid residual humidity from transport or storage conditions, we recommend drying the material.
Ensure good mold venting
Injection molding parameters also influence emission properties, which are often required for automotive interior applications. Generally speaking, the emission, odor and fogging behavior of finished parts is improved by lowering the melt temperature, reducing residence time and avoiding high shear stress.

