

Polyfort FPP 30 GFC-F

Polypropylene Homopolymer

LyondellBasell Industries

Engineering Plastics

Product Description

30% glass fibre reinforced PP homopolymer, chemically coupled, easy flow

General

Filler / Reinforcement	• Glass Fiber, 30% Filler by Weight		
Features	• Chemically Coupled	• Good Flow	• Homopolymer
Processing Method	• Injection Molding		

Physical	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)	Test Method
Density	1.09 g/cm ³	1.09 g/cm ³	ISO 1183/A
Melt Volume-Flow Rate (MVR) (230°C/2.16 Kg)	17 cm ³ /10min	17 cm ³ /10min	ISO 1133
Mechanical	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)	Test Method
Tensile Modulus	957000 psi	6600 MPa	ISO 527-1/1A/1
Tensile Stress (Break)	12300 psi	85.0 MPa	ISO 527-2/1A/5
Tensile Strain (Break)	2.6 %	2.6 %	ISO 527-2/1A/5
Impact	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)	Test Method
Charpy Notched Impact Strength (73°F (23°C))	4.3 ft·lb/in ²	9.0 kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy Unnotched Impact Strength 73°F (23°C)	21 ft·lb/in ²	44 kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eU
Hardness	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)	Test Method
Ball Indentation Hardness (H 358/30)	17400 psi	120 MPa	ISO 2039-1
Thermal	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)	Test Method
Deflection Temperature Under Load			
66 Psi (0.45 Mpa), Unannealed	313 °F	156 °C	ISO 75-2/Bf
264 Psi (1.8 Mpa), Unannealed	297 °F	147 °C	ISO 75-2/Af
Vicat Softening Temperature			
--	264 °F	129 °C	ISO 306/B50
--	324 °F	162 °C	ISO 306/A120
Electrical	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)	Test Method
Surface Resistivity	> 1.0E+15 ohms	> 1.0E+15 ohms	IEC 60093
Volume Resistivity	> 1.0E+13 ohms·cm	> 1.0E+13 ohms·cm	IEC 60093

Additional Information

- 1.) Not for use in food contact applications
- 2.) Not for use in medical or pharmaceutical applications



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Injection	Nominal Value (English)	Nominal Value (SI)
Drying Temperature	176 °F	80 °C
Drying Time	2.0 to 3.0 hr	2.0 to 3.0 hr
Processing (Melt) Temp	428 to 500 °F	220 to 260 °C
Mold Temperature	86 to 140 °F	30 to 60 °C

Injection Notes

Drying normally not necessary.
Injection molding parameters also influence emission properties, which are often required for automotive interior applications. Generally speaking, the emission, odor and fogging behavior of finished parts is improved by lowering the melt temperature, reducing residence time and avoiding high shear stress.

Notes

These are typical property values not to be construed as specification limits.

