

LATAMID 6 H2PX-V0

Compound based on Polyamide 6 (PA 6).

Heat stabilised. Toughened. UL94 V-0 classified, with halogens, PBB/PBDE free. Product UL certified.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES - Typical values	STANDARD	VALUE MEASURE UNITS
Density	ISO 1183	1.32 g/cm ³
Linear shrinkage at moulding - 2.0 mm thickness (at 60 MPa of cavity pressure)		
Longitudinal	ISO 294-4	1.10 ÷ 1.45 %
Transversal	ISO 294-4	1.20 ÷ 1.50 %
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES - Typical values		
IZOD impact strength (sample 63.5x12.7x3.2 mm)		
Notched, at +23°C	ASTM D 256-A	55 J/m
CHARPY impact strength (sample 80x10x4 mm)		
Unnotched, at +23°C	ISO 179-1eU	85 kJ/m ²
Notched, at +23°C	ISO 179-1eA	6 kJ/m ²
Tensile elongation (speed 5 mm/min)		
At yield, 23°C	ISO 527 (1)	4 %
At yield, 60°C	ISO 527 (1)	- %
At yield, 90°C	ISO 527 (1)	- %
At yield, 120°C	ISO 527 (1)	- %
At yield, 150°C	ISO 527 (1)	- %
At break, 23°C	ISO 527 (1)	10 %
At break, 60°C	ISO 527 (1)	70 %
At break, 90°C	ISO 527 (1)	NB
At break, 120°C	ISO 527 (1)	NB
At break, 150°C	ISO 527 (1)	NB
Tensile strength (speed 5 mm/min)		
At yield, 23°C	ISO 527 (1)	40 MPa
At yield, 60°C	ISO 527 (1)	- MPa
At yield, 90°C	ISO 527 (1)	- MPa
At yield, 120°C	ISO 527 (1)	- MPa
At yield, 150°C	ISO 527 (1)	- MPa
At break, 23°C	ISO 527 (1)	35 MPa
At break, 60°C	ISO 527 (1)	25 MPa
At break, 90°C	ISO 527 (1)	NB
At break, 120°C	ISO 527 (1)	NB
At break, 150°C	ISO 527 (1)	NB
Elastic modulus		
Tensile (speed 1 mm/min), at 23°C	ISO 527 (1)	2700 MPa
Tensile (speed 1 mm/min), at 60°C	ISO 527 (1)	1100 MPa
Tensile (speed 1 mm/min), at 90°C	ISO 527 (1)	650 MPa
Tensile (speed 1 mm/min), at 120°C	ISO 527 (1)	450 MPa
Tensile (speed 1 mm/min), at 150°C	ISO 527 (1)	350 MPa

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THERMAL PROPERTIES - Typical values	STANDARD	VALUE MEASURE UNITS
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE)		
+30°C to +100°C (longitudinal)	ASTM D 696	60 µm/(m·°C)
VICAT - Softening point		
49 N (heating rate 50°C/h)	ISO 306	160 °C
HDT - Heat Deflection Temperature		
0.45 MN/m ²	ISO 75	140 °C
1.81 MN/m ²	ISO 75	60 °C
C.U.T. - Continuous Use Temperature (20,000h)	---	90 °C
FLAMMABILITY - Typical values		
Oxygen Index	ASTM D 2863	28 %
Flammability rating		
3.00 mm thickness	UL 94	V-0 rating
1.50 mm thickness	UL 94	V-0 rating
0.75 mm thickness	UL 94	V-0 rating
GWFI - Glow Wire Flammability Index		
	IEC 695-2-12	GWFI: 960/1.0mm
	IEC 695-2-12	GWFI: 960/2.0mm
GWIT - Glow Wire Ignition Test		
	IEC 695-2-13	GWIT: 800/1.0mm
	IEC 695-2-13	GWIT: 800/2.0mm
ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES - Typical values		
CTI - Comparative Tracking Index		
solution A (without surfactant)	IEC 112	325 V

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PREDRYING CONDITIONS

At least 3 hours at $90 \div 100^{\circ}\text{C}$

These are the suggested conditions to reduce the moisture content to adequate levels. Temperature and drying time are reduced when using vacuum ovens. A particularly wet material may need longer drying time.

ACTUAL MELT TEMPERATURE

$235 \div 250^{\circ}\text{C}$

The injection machine settings needed to obtain the suggested melt temperature will depend greatly on shot size and machine capacity, as well as other molding parameters such as: injection speed, screw RPM, back pressure, etc. On small machines, running short cycles, it is possible to use higher melt temperatures to improve plastification, fluidity and surface appearance, paying attention to any indication of material degradation.

MOULD TEMPERATURE

$60 \div 70^{\circ}\text{C}$

The mold temperature suggested above is the actual steel temperature. This can be significantly different from the tool settings, due to the cooling system efficiency and the accuracy of the temperature control on the tool.

INJECTION SPEED

Medium

The advisable injection speed greatly depends on cavity geometry and injection machine size. The use of high injection speed can improve the surface appearance, but it can also cause outgassing and burn marks due to overheating through shear stress.

REGRIND USAGE

The use of regrind is possible, but should be assessed on the basis of the project, moulding parameters, and type of grinding. The effect of using regrind on material properties must be evaluated by the customer on its specific project and process. High percentages of regrind can cause a reduction in viscosity, reducing mechanical properties, reducing mechanical properties

HOT RUNNER MOULDS

Hot runner moulds are not recommended.

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TO AVOID

In order to prevent any material degradation, over-dimensioned machines should be avoided. Injection moulding machines with a shot size not higher than 3 - 4 times the moulding are suggested.

CONTACTS

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