

LATAMID 12 H2 G/30

Compound based on Polyamide 12 (PA 12). Improved thermal stabilisation. Glass fibres. PFAS-free product.

The products mentioned herein are not suitable for applications in contact with foodstuffs or for potable water transportation, or for toy manufacturing.

The products mentioned herein are not suitable for applications in the pharmaceutical, medical or dental sector.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

	STANDARD	VALUE MEASURE UNITS
Density	ISO 1183	1.22 g/cm ³
Linear shrinkage at moulding		
Longitudinal (2.0mm/60MPa)	ISO 294-4	0.15 ÷ 0.35 %
Transversal (2.0mm/60MPa)	ISO 294-4	0.75 ÷ 0.95 %
Dimensional stability	---	50
Moisture absorption		
saturation, in air	ISO 62-4	0.60 %

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

	STANDARD	VALUE MEASURE UNITS
CHARPY impact strength		
Unnotched, at 23°C	ISO 179-1eU	90.0 kJ/m ²
Notched, at 23°C	ISO 179-1eA	25.0 kJ/m ²

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

	STANDARD	VALUE MEASURE UNITS
Tensile elongation		
At yield (5 mm/min), 23°C	ISO 527	1.8 %
At yield (5 mm/min), 60°C	ISO 527	9.0 %
At yield (5 mm/min), 90°C	ISO 527	>10 %
At yield (5 mm/min), 120°C	ISO 527	>10 %
At yield (5 mm/min), 150°C	ISO 527	>10 %
At break (5 mm/min), 23°C	ISO 527	8.0 %
At break (5 mm/min), 60°C	ISO 527	11.0 %
At break (5 mm/min), 90°C	ISO 527	12.0 %
At break (5 mm/min), 120°C	ISO 527	14.0 %
At break (5 mm/min), 150°C	ISO 527	16.0 %
Tensile strength		
At yield (5 mm/min), 23°C	ISO 527	80 MPa
At yield (5 mm/min), 60°C	ISO 527	75 MPa
At yield (5 mm/min), 90°C	ISO 527	60 MPa
At yield (5 mm/min), 120°C	ISO 527	50 MPa
At yield (5 mm/min), 150°C	ISO 527	35 MPa
At break (5 mm/min), 23°C	ISO 527	100 MPa
At break (5 mm/min), 60°C	ISO 527	75 MPa
At break (5 mm/min), 90°C	ISO 527	60 MPa
At break (5 mm/min), 120°C	ISO 527	50 MPa
At break (5 mm/min), 150°C	ISO 527	35 MPa

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MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

Elastic modulus

Tensile (1 mm/min), 23°C	ISO 527	6300 MPa
Tensile (1 mm/min), 60°C	ISO 527	4000 MPa
Tensile (1 mm/min), 90°C	ISO 527	3200 MPa
Tensile (1 mm/min), 120°C	ISO 527	2700 MPa
Tensile (1 mm/min), 150°C	ISO 527	2100 MPa

THERMAL PROPERTIES

Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE)

30°C to 100°C (longitudinal)	ISO 11359	30 × 10 ⁻⁶ K ⁻¹
30°C to 100°C (transversal)	ISO 11359	75 × 10 ⁻⁶ K ⁻¹

VICAT - Softening point

50 N (heating rate 120°C/h)	ISO 306	175 °C
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HDT - Heat Deflection Temperature

0.45 MPa	ISO 75	170 °C
1.81 MPa	ISO 75	155 °C

ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES

Electrical resistivity

surface, dry	ASTM D 257 / ASTM D4496	1E12 ohm
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Dielectric strength (short period)

2 mm thickness, 23°C, dry	ASTM D 149	25 kV/mm
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STORAGE

Best storage conditions of sealed, undamaged packages are warm environmental temperature in dry storage facilities able to protect from weather and accidental damage. PAY ATTENTION! Material is prone to absorb moisture.

HANDLING AND SAFETY

Detailed information about a safe treatment of the material are indicated in the "Material Safety Data Sheet" (MSDS) furnished with the first material supply. The MSDS may be also sent again in case of loss.

PREDRYING CONDITIONS (Hot-air dryer)

Predrying needed. Predrying conditions are: at least 2 hours at $80 \div 100^{\circ}\text{C}$. Increase time in case of wet material. Maximum suggested moisture content: 0.1%. Use of desiccant dryers or vacuum ovens allows a reduction in drying time.

BARREL TEMPERATURE PROFILE

Suggested barrel temperature profile (zone 1 - zone 2 - zone 3 - nozzle): 215-225-235-235°C.

RESIDENCE TIME

Maximum allowable residence time: $12 \div 15$ minutes. Do not exceed this limit. Maximum number of complete shots (in the barrel) suggested: $3 \div 8$

MELT TEMPERATURE

Suggested range of melt temperature: $230 \div 240^{\circ}\text{C}$. On small machines, running short cycles, it is possible to use higher melt temperatures to improve plastification, fluidity and surface appearance, paying attention to any indication of material degradation.

MOULD TEMPERATURE

Suggested range of mould temperature: $70 \div 90^{\circ}\text{C}$. This can be significantly different from the tool settings, due to the cooling system efficiency and the accuracy of the temperature control on the tool. If moulding temperature is lower than suggested, part annealing may be necessary.

INJECTION SPEED

Advisable injection speed: medium. Best results are achieved by using an injection profile.

TANGENTIAL SCREW VELOCITY (V)

Maximum suggested tangential velocity (V): $0.1 \div 0.2$ m/s. The maximum rotational speed (in rpm) may be calculated by means of the following equation: $\text{rpm} = V/d * 19100$, where d is the screw diameter (mm).

INJECTION PRESSURE

Maximum advisable injection pressure at nozzle: $50 \div 100$ MPa. Please, check on manual of injection moulding machine the ratio between specific pressure (at nozzle) and hydraulic pressure (of oil).

PACKING PRESSURE

Typical suggested packing pressure (at nozzle): $70 \div 90\%$ of injection pressure.

CUSHION

Minimum suggested cushion: $3 \div 6$ mm.

BACK PRESSURE

Suggested backpressure: $5 \div 20$ bar (hydraulic pressure).

REGRIND USAGE

Maximum suggested regrind percentage: 15%. In-loop regrind is suggested. Regrind must be dried.

HOT RUNNER MOULDS

Hot runner moulds can be used when a very tight temperature control is assured.

VALVE GATES / SMALL GATES

Use of valve gates or small injection gates has to be evaluated due to risk of clogging.

EQUIPMENT WEAR AND CORROSION

Usually, critical processing conditions (high injection rate, high back pressure and high screw rotating speed, etc.) and/or disadvantageous geometric conditions (low wall thickness, low diameters, sharp fillet radius, etc.) generate wear on equipment. Wear increases in case of filled materials (particularly fibres filled ones). Appropriate surface treatments of equipment are suggested in these cases, as well as a proper venting to avoid material overheating. It is advisable to use a wear-resistant steel to make the mould.

Check the proper "Moulding guide" for further details.

APPROVALS

Please, check our site or contact LATI for details.

CONTACTS

LATI Industria Termoplastici S.p.A.